GENERAL PROVISIONS

§10.761 Scope.

This subpart implements the duty preference and related customs provisions applicable to imported goods under the United States-Morocco Free Trade Agreement (the MFTA) signed on June 15, 2004, and under the United States-Morocco Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (the Act; 118 Stat. 1103). Except as otherwise specified in this subpart, the procedures and other requirements set forth in this subpart are in addition to the customs procedures and requirements of general application contained elsewhere in this chapter. Additional provisions implementing certain aspects of the MFTA and the Act are contained in Parts 102, 162, and 163 of this chapter.

CBP Dec. 07–51, 72 FR 35651, June 29, 2007, as amended at CBP Dec. 08–29, 73 FR 45354, Aug. 5, 2008

§ 10.762 General definitions.

As used in this subpart, the following terms will have the meanings indicated unless either the context in which they are used requires a different meaning or a different definition is prescribed for a particular section of this subpart:

- (a) Claim of origin. "Claim of origin" means a claim that a good is an originating good;
- (b) Claim for preferential tariff treatment. "Claim for preferential tariff treatment" means a claim that a good is entitled to the duty rate applicable under the MFTA to an originating good;
- (c) Customs Valuation Agreement. "Customs Valuation Agreement" means the Agreement on Implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994, which is part of the WTO Agreement;
- (d) Customs duty. "Customs duty" includes any customs or import duty and a charge of any kind imposed in connection with the importation of a good, including any form of surtax or surcharge in connection with such importation, but does not include any:
- (1) Charge equivalent to an internal tax imposed consistently with Article III:2 of the GATT 1994 in respect of like, directly competitive, or substitutable goods of the Party or in respect of

- goods from which the imported good has been manufactured or produced in whole or in part;
- (2) Antidumping or countervailing duty; and
- (3) Fee or other charge in connection with importation commensurate with the cost of services rendered;
- (e) Days. "Days" means calendar days.
- (f) Enterprise. "Enterprise" means any entity constituted or organized under applicable law, whether or not for profit, and whether privately-owned or governmentally-owned, including any corporation, trust, partnership, sole proprietorship, joint venture, or other association;
- (g) Foreign material. "Foreign material" means a material other than a material produced in the territory of one or both of the Parties;
- (h) GATT 1994. "GATT 1994" means the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994, which is part of the WTO Agreement:
- (i) Good. "Good" means any merchandise, product, article, or material;
- (j) Harmonized System. "Harmonized System (HS)" means the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, including its General Rules of Interpretation, Section Notes, and Chapter Notes, as adopted and implemented by the Parties in their respective tariff laws;
- (k) Heading. "Heading" means the first four digits in the tariff classification number under the Harmonized System:
- (1) HTSUS. "HTSUS" means the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States as promulgated by the U.S. International Trade Commission;
- (m) Originating. "Originating" means a good qualifying under the rules of origin set forth in General Note 27, HTSUS, and MFTA Chapter Four (Textiles and apparel) or Chapter Five (Rules of Origin);
- (n) Party. "Party" means the United States or the Kingdom of Morocco;
- (o) *Person*. "Person" means a natural person or an enterprise;
- (p) Preferential tariff treatment. "Preferential tariff treatment" means the duty rate applicable under the MFTA to an originating good;